K	ey topic 1: Elizabeth Government	Not sure	Almost there!	Got it
Introduction: Elizabeth's life before she became Queen	<ul> <li>Henry VIII and his wives</li> <li>Edward VI</li> <li>Mary I</li> <li>Elizabeth</li> </ul>	Suite	mer e:	Jusseu:
The Coronation and popularity of Elizabeth	<ul> <li>Elizabeth's Coronation</li> <li>Elizabeth's popularity</li> <li>The Use of Portraits</li> <li>Royal Progresses</li> </ul>			
The Royal Court	<ul> <li>The Royal Court</li> <li>Factions in the Royal Court</li> </ul>			
The Privy Council and Councillors	<ul> <li>Important Privy Councillors during Elizabeth's Reign</li> <li>William Cecil, Robert Dudley, Christopher Hatton, Francis Walsingham, Robert Devereux, Robert Cecil.</li> </ul>			
Local Government	<ul> <li>The Lord Lieutenant</li> <li>The Sheriff</li> <li>Justices of the Peace</li> <li>Lesser Officers</li> </ul>			
The Role of Parliament	<ul> <li>How was parliament made up.</li> <li>Freedom of speech</li> <li>Taxation and Finance</li> </ul>			
Conclusion: How successful was the government of Elizabeth I?	<ul> <li>'Elizabeth was a popular monarch who exercised firm control in governing the country.' How far do you agree with this statement?</li> <li>In your answer you might like to consider the following factors:         <ol> <li>the popularity of the queen</li> <li>the Royal Court</li> <li>the Privy Council</li> <li>parliament</li> <li>and any other relevant factors you can think of.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>			
Key To	opic 2: Lifestyles of the rich and poor	Not sure	Almost there!	Got it sussed!
Contrasting lifestyles of rich and poor	<ul> <li>Social Structure in Elizabethan England and Wales</li> <li>Elizabeth social structure</li> <li>The lifestyle of the Rich</li> <li>New building styles</li> <li>The long gallery</li> <li>Family and servant wings</li> <li>Elizabethan mansion houses</li> <li>Landscaped Gardens</li> <li>Fashion</li> <li>Education</li> <li>The Household</li> </ul>			
Lifestyle of the Gentry	<ul><li> Homes</li><li> Fashion</li><li> Education</li></ul>			

Lifestyle of the Lower	• Homes			
Class	The Working Day			
	Fashion     Education and Leisure			
Poverty in Elizabethan	Education and Leisure     The Causes of Poverty			
Times	• The causes of Foverty			
The Issues of	Types of vagrants			
unemployment and	Local responses to vagrancy			
vagrancy				
Government	Previous Legislation			
Legislation	Elizabeth's Legislation			
	How successful were the Elizabethan poor laws?			
Conclusion: How did	Did the differences in the lifestyles of the rich and poor			
life differ for the rich	become more or less pronounced during the reign of			
and poor in Elizabethan times?	Elizabeth I? In your answer you may wish to consider the following factors:			
Enzabernan iinies?	1 homes of the rich and poor			
	2 fashion			
	3 education			
	4 poverty			
	5 and any other relevant factors you can think of.			
				$\odot$
Ke	y topic 3: Popular entertainment			
		Not	Almost	Got it
		sure	there!	sussed!
The importance of popular entertainment	Cruel Sports     Cookfighting			
Entertainment enjoyed	Cockfighting     Hunting			
by the rich	Hawking			
by merien	Archery			
	Dancing			
	Music and Singing			
	Ball Games			
The Development of	Bands of strolling players			
the Elizabethan	Formation of theatre companies			
Theatre	Building the first theatres  Parism (the theatres)			
	<ul><li>Design of the theatre</li><li>Actors</li></ul>			
	Playwrights			
Attitudes towards the	Support for the theatre			
theatre	Opposition to the theatre			
Conclusion: What were	'A visit to the theatre was the most popular form of			
the most popular types	entertainment during			
of entertainment in	Elizabethan times'. How far do you agree with this statement?			
Elizabethan times?	In your answer you may wish to consider the following:			
	1 the attractions and popularity of the theatre			
	2 the attraction of cruel sports			
	3 other forms of popular entertainment			
	4 and any other relevant factors you can think of.	8	<b>(2)</b>	©
	T 4. T. D	Not	Almost	Got it
Key	Topic 4: The Problem of Religion	sure	there!	sussed!
Religious problems in	Catholic views from abroad and within England			
1559	Protestant Views			
			<u> </u>	<u> </u>

	Reaching a compromise			
The aims of the	Factors to consider			
Religious Settlement	Elizabeth's religious beliefs			
The 'Middle' Way	Media or 'Middle Way'			
	Threats posed to Elizabeth			
The Acts of	Act of Supremacy, 1559			
Supremacy and	Act of Uniformity, 1559			
Uniformity	Measures to enforce the Acts			
	The Act of exchange 1559			
	The Episcopacy - the role of the bishops			
Reactions to the	Reactions at home			
Settlement	Reactions abroad			
Conclusion: How	'The Religious Settlement of 1559 solved more problems			
successfully did	than it caused.' How far do you agree with this statement?			
Elizabeth deal with	In your answer you might like to consider the following factors.			
the problems of	1 Elizabeth's wish to reach a compromise settlement			
Religion?	2 The key features of the 'middle way'			
	3 Reactions of the Catholics and Puritans to the Settlement			
	4 Reactions of foreign powers			
	5 and any other relevant factors you can think of.			
		8	( ⊕	©
K	ey topic 5: The Catholic Threat	Not sure	Almost there!	Got it sussed!
	I	3010	111010:	Jujjeu:
Early Toleration	Attitude of toleration			
Recusancy	• Jesuits			
	Government response to recusancy			
	Case study: Edmund Campion			
The Arrival of Mary,	Mary sent to France			
Queen of Scots in	Mary returns to Scotland			
England, 1658	Mary Darnley			
	Mary and Bothwell			
	Mary arrived in England			
The rebellion of the	The causes			
Northern Earls, 1569	The events			
	The aftermath			
The excommunication	Response to Papal Bull			
of Elizabeth, 1570				
Catholic Plots	The Ridolfi Plot, 1571			
	The Throckmorton Plot, 1583-84			
	The increasing Catholic threat, 1584-85			
	The Babington Plot, 1586			
	The Trial of Mary, Queen of Scots, October 1586			
	The execution of Mary, Queen of Scots, February 1587			
	The consequences of the death of Mary, the end of the			
	Catholic threat?			
Conclusion: Why were	'The Northern Rebellion was the most serious of the			
the Catholics such a	Catholic Plots against Elizabeth.' How far do you agree with			
serious threat to	this statement?			
Elizabeth?	In your answer you might like to consider the following factors:			
	1 The seriousness of the Northern Rebellion			
	2 The Ridolfi Plot			
	3 The Throckmorton Plot			
	4 The Babington Plot			
	5 and any other relevant factors you can think of.			

Ke	ey Topic 6: The Spanish Armada	Not sure	Almost there!	Got it sussed!
Reasons for the Spanish Armada	<ul> <li>The ambitions of King Phillip II of Spain</li> <li>The war in the Netherlands</li> <li>The actions of English privateers in the Spanish Main</li> </ul>	Suie	mere:	susseu:
Philip's preparation of the Armada	<ul> <li>Philip's Plan</li> <li>Changes to the Plan</li> <li>Drake's attack on Cadiz</li> </ul>			
Threat posed by the Armada	England prepares for the invasion			
The Course of the Armada	<ul> <li>Events in the Channel</li> <li>Calais and the attack by the fireships</li> <li>The Battle of Gravelines, 8 August</li> <li>Elizabeth's rallying speech at Tilbury</li> <li>Pursuing the Armada north</li> <li>Returning to Spain around Scotland and Ireland</li> </ul>			
Reasons for the failure of the Armada	<ul> <li>English Strengths</li> <li>Spanish Weaknesses</li> <li>Tactics</li> <li>The Weather</li> </ul>			
The Results of the	Armadas defeat			
Armada	The significance			
Conclusion: How much of a threat was the Spanish Armada?	<ul> <li>'The Spanish Armada posed a serious threat to Elizabeth.'         How far do you agree with this statement?</li> <li>In your answer you might like to consider the following factors:         1 The size of Spanish n ava I and land forces         2 The difficulty the English had in attacking the crescent formation         3 The weakness of English land forces         4 The ability of English naval commanders         5 and any other relevant factors you can think of.</li> </ul>			
k	Key topic 7: The Puritan Threat	Not sure	Almost there!	Got it sussed!
Puritanism	<ul> <li>Who were the Puritans?</li> <li>The role of the Bishops Puritan beliefs and practices</li> <li>Different types of Puritans</li> </ul>			
Puritan challenges to the Religious Settlement	<ul> <li>The Vestments Controversy, 1566</li> <li>Proposals by Thomas Cartwright, 1570</li> <li>French marriage pamphlet of John Stubbs, 1579</li> <li>The Marprelate Tracts, 1588=89</li> </ul>			
Puritan opposition in parliament and the Privy Council	<ul> <li>Individuals who attempted reform within parliament</li> <li>Walter Strickland, John Field and Thomas Wilcox, Peter Wentworth, Peter Turner, Anthony Cope.</li> </ul>			
Measures taken to deal with the Puritan Challenge	<ul> <li>Archbishop Grindal and the 'prophesyings'</li> <li>John Whitgift's attack on Presbyterianism</li> <li>The development of the separatist movement in the 1850s</li> <li>The Act against Seditious Sectaries, 1593</li> </ul>			
Conclusion: Why did Puritans become an increasing threat	'The spread of Prophesying meetings was the most serious threat posed by the Puritan movement.' How far do you agree with this statement?  In your answer you might like to consider the following factors:			

	during Elizabeth's	1 The reforms demanded by Puritan MPs		
	reign?	2 The writings of Puritan authors		
١		3 The Presbyterian movement		
١		4 The separatist movement		
		5 and any other relevant factors you can think of.		

# Review, Revise, and Relearn to MASTER this topic

	The Elizabethan Age 1558-1603	1 <sup>st</sup> time reviewed: Not sure	2 <sup>nd</sup> time reviewed: Almost there	3 <sup>rd</sup> time reviewed: Mastered
1	Key topic 1: Elizabethan Government			
2	Key Topic 2: Lifestyle of the rich and poor			
3	Key topic 3: Popular entertainment			
4	Key Topic 4: The problem of religion			
5	Key Topic 5: The Catholic Threat			
6	Key Topic 6: The Spanish Armada			
7	Key Topic 7: The Puritan Threat			