## **GCSE Mathematics**

# **Practice Tests: Set 8**

### Paper 2H (Calculator)

### Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

You should have: Ruler graduated in centimetres and millimetres, protractor, pair of compasses, pen, HB pencil, eraser, calculator. Tracing paper may be used.

#### Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided - there may be more space than you need.
- Calculators may be used.
- Diagrams are NOT accurately drawn, unless otherwise indicated.
- You must show all your working out.

#### Information

- The total mark for this paper is 80
- The marks for each question are shown in brackets
  use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

#### Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Keep an eye on the time.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.



#### Answer ALL questions.

#### Write your answers in the spaces provided.

#### You must write down all the stages in your working.

1 Work out the difference between the largest share and the smallest share when 3450 yen is divided in the ratios 2 : 6 : 7

..... yen

(Total for Question 1 is 3 marks)

2 Gopal is paid £20 000 each month. Jamuna is paid £19 200 each month.

> Gopal and Jamuna are both given an increase in their monthly pay. After the increase, they are both paid the same amount each month.

Gopal was given an increase of 8%

Work out the percentage increase that Jamuna was given.

.....%

(Total for Question 2 is 4 marks)

**3** There are some people in a cinema.

 $\frac{3}{5}$  of the people in the cinema are children.

For the children in the cinema,

number of girls : number of boys = 2:7

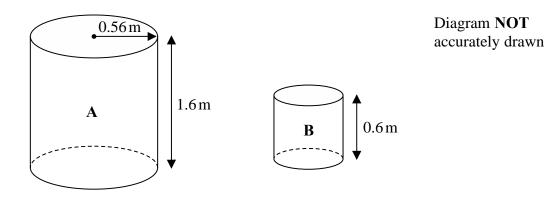
There are 170 girls in the cinema.

Work out the number of adults in the cinema.

.....

(Total for Question 3 is 5 marks)

4 The diagram shows two cylinders, **A** and **B**.



Cylinder A has height 1.6 m and radius 0.56 m.

(a) Work out the curved surface area of cylinder A.
 Give your answer in m<sup>2</sup> correct to 3 significant figures.

Cylinder **B** is mathematically similar to cylinder **A**. The height of cylinder **B** is 0.6 m.

(*b*) Work out the radius of cylinder **B**.

(Total for Question 4 is 4 marks)

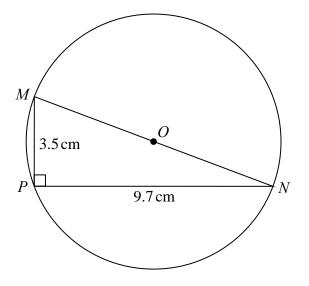


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

*M*, *N* and *P* are points on a circle, centre *O*. *MON* is a diameter of the circle.

MP = 3.5 cmPN = 9.7 cm

Angle  $MPN = 90^{\circ}$ 

Work out the circumference of the circle. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

..... cm

(Total for Question 5 is 4 marks)

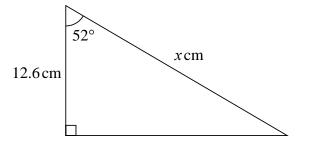


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

Work out the value of *x*. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

*x* =.....

(Total for Question 6 is 3 marks)

6

7 Solve the simultaneous equations

$$x + y = 15$$
$$7x - 5y = 3$$

Show clear algebraic working.

*x* = .....

*y* = .....

(Total for Question 7 is 3 marks)

- 8 Charlie bought a boat for £160 000.The value of the boat depreciates by 4% each year.
  - (a) Work out the value of the boat at the end of 3 years.Give your answer correct to the nearest £.

£.....(3)

Jenny gets a salary increase of 5% Her salary after the increase is £252 000.

(b) Work out Jenny's salary before the increase.

£.....

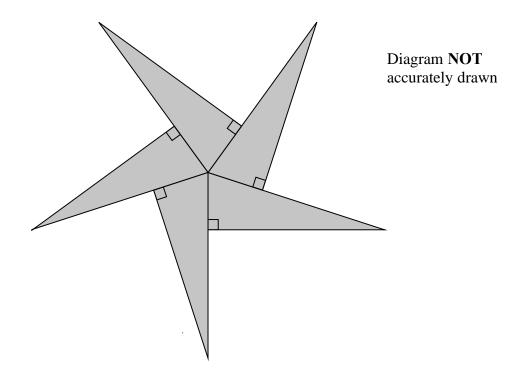
(Total for Question 8 is 6 marks)

(3)

9 The diagram shows a right-angled triangle.



Five of these triangles are put together to make a shape.



Calculate the perimeter of the shape. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

..... cm

(Total for Question 9 is 5 marks)

10 A solid metal sphere has radius 1.5 cm. The mass of the sphere is 109.6 grams.

> Work out the density of the sphere. Give your answer correct to 3 significant figures.

> > ..... g / cm<sup>3</sup>

(Total for Question 10 is 3 marks)

**11** Expand and simplify (2x-1)(x+3)(x-5)

.....

(Total for Question 11 is 3 marks)

(3)

- 12 The students in Class A and in Class B take the same examination. There are 28 students in Class A and 32 students in Class B. The mean score for all the students in both classes is 72.6. The mean score for the students in Class A is 75.
  - (a) Work out the mean score for the students in Class B.

The lowest score in Class A is 39. The range of scores for Class A is 57. The lowest score in Class B is 33. The range of scores for Class B is 60.

(b) Find the range of scores for all the students in both classes.

.....

(3)

(Total for Question 12 is 7 marks)

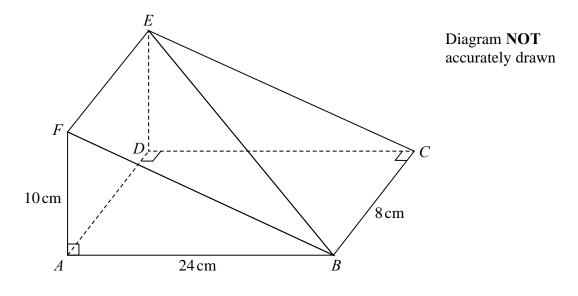
13	e = 8.31	correct to 2 decimal places
	f = 0.65	correct to 2 decimal places

Work out the lower bound for the value of e - fShow your working clearly.

.....

(Total for Question 13 is 2 marks)

14 The diagram shows a triangular prism.



AF = 10 cm, AB = 24 cm and BC = 8 cm. Angle FAB = angle ADC = angle  $BCD = 90^{\circ}$ 

Work out the size of the angle between the line *BE* and the plane *ABCD*. Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.

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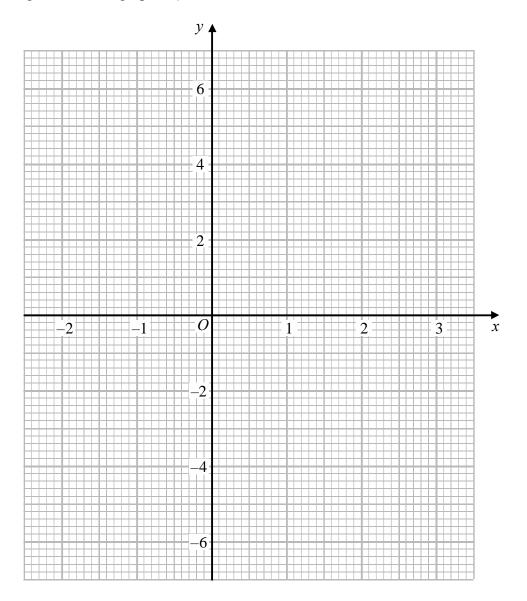
(Total for Question 14 is 3 marks)

**15** (*a*) Complete the table of values for  $y = x^3 - 2x^2 - 3x + 4$ 

x	-2	-1	-0.5	0	1	1.5	2	3
у			4.875	4		-1.625		

(2)

(b) On the grid, draw the graph of  $y = x^3 - 2x^2 - 3x + 4$  for values of x from -2 to 3.



(2)

(c) By drawing a suitable straight line on the grid, find estimates for the solutions of the equation

$$x^3 - 2x^2 - x + 1 = 0$$

Give your solutions correct to 1 decimal place.

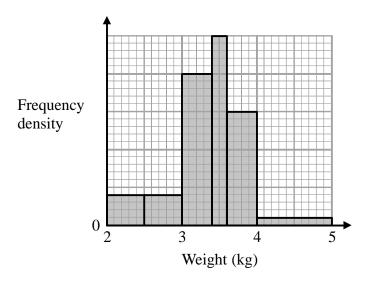
.....

(4)

(Total for Question 15 is 8 marks)

**16** Simplify fully 
$$\left(\frac{256x^{20}}{y^8}\right)^{-\frac{1}{4}}$$

(2) (Total for Question 16 is 2 marks) 17 The histogram shows information about the birth weights of some babies.



6 of these babies had a birth weight less than 2.5 kg or greater than 4 kg. Work out the number of babies who had a birth weight between 2.5 kg and 4 kg.

.....

(Total for Question 17 is 3 marks)

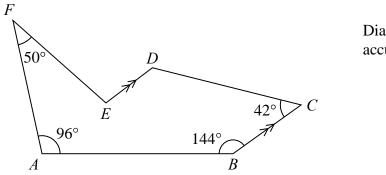


Diagram **NOT** accurately drawn

The diagram shows a hexagon *ABCDEF*. *BC* is parallel to *ED*.

Work out the size of the obtuse angle DEF.

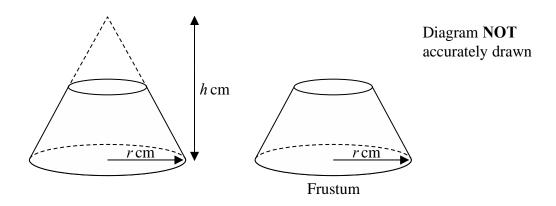
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(Total for Question 18 is 5 marks)

A triangle has sides of length 8 cm, 10 cm and 14 cm.Work out the size of the largest angle of the triangle.Give your answer correct to 1 decimal place.

• (Total for Question 19 is 3 marks)

**20** A frustum is made by removing a small cone from a large cone. The cones are mathematically similar.



The large cone has base radius r cm and height h cm.

Given that

$$\frac{\text{volume of frustum}}{\text{volume of large cone}} = \frac{98}{125}$$

find an expression, in terms of h, for the height of the frustum.

..... cm

(Total for Question 20 is 4 marks)

#### **TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 80 MARKS**